

**Claims:**

What is claimed is

- 1 1. A heterogeneous intersubband (HISB) optical device having a predetermined  
2 function, said device comprising  
3 a multiplicity of stacked intersubband (ISB) sub-devices, characterized in that  
4 at least two of said sub-devices have different individual gain/loss profiles, , and  
5 said individual gain/loss profiles are mutually adapted to generate said predetermined  
6 function.
- 1 2. The invention of claim 1 wherein said sub-devices have a set of characteristic  
2 parameters including the peak energy of the ISB transitions therein, the position of each sub-  
3 device in the stack, the oscillator strengths of said transitions, the energy bandwidth of said  
4 transitions, the length of said sub-devices, and the doping levels of said sub-devices, said  
5 individual gain/loss profiles being determined by mutually adapting said parameters.
- 1 3. The invention of claim 1 wherein said HISB device is designed to operate in  
2 conjunction with a second device having a gain/loss characteristic over a particular wavelength  
3 range, said individual gain/loss profiles being mutually adapted to generate said predetermined  
4 function as a gain/loss characteristic in said HISB device that compensates for said gain/loss  
5 characteristic of said second device.
- 1 4. The invention of claim 1 wherein said HISB device is designed to operate in  
2 conjunction with a second device having a nonlinear refractive index characteristic over a  
3 particular wavelength range, said individual gain/loss profiles being mutually adapted to generate  
4 said predetermined function such that said HISB device has a nonlinear refractive index  
5 characteristic that compensates for said nonlinear refractive index characteristic of said second  
6 device.
- 1 5. The invention of claim 1 wherein said individual gain/loss profiles are mutually  
2 adapted to generate said predetermined function as a relatively flat gain/loss profile over a  
3 particular wavelength range.

1           6. The invention of claim 1 wherein said HISB device comprises a laser for  
2 simultaneously operating at a plurality of different wavelengths.

1           7. The invention of claim 6 further comprising a transmitter that includes said HISB  
2 device, a utilization device for receiving radiation at said wavelengths generated by said HISB  
3 device, and a transmission medium for optically coupling said transmitter to said receiver.

1           8. The invention of claim 6 wherein said individual gain/loss profiles are mutually  
2 adapted to generate said predetermined gain/loss characteristic as a gain profile that exhibits  
3 peaks at a multiplicity of said different wavelengths.

1           9. The invention of claim 8 wherein said transmitter and said receiver operate on the  
2 basis of wavelength division multiplexing of a multiplicity of channels, and radiation at each of  
3 said wavelengths emitted by said HISB device correspond to one of said channels. \

1           10. The invention of claim 1 wherein each of said ISB sub-devices includes a radiative  
2 transition region and an injection/relaxation region adjacent thereto.

1           11. A heterogeneous intersubband (HISB) optical device having a predetermined  
2 gain/loss profile, said device comprising  
3           upper and lower cladding regions,  
4           a core region including a multiplicity of intersubband (ISB) active regions stacked  
5 between said cladding regions, each of said active regions including a plurality of radiative  
6 transition regions and interleaved therewith a plurality of injection/relaxation regions,  
7           means forming an optical cavity resonator, said active regions being located within said  
8 resonator, characterized in that  
9           at least two of said active regions are different from one another, said regions  
10 having a set of characteristic parameters including the peak energy of the ISB transitions therein,  
11 the position of each of said sub-devices in the stack, the oscillator strengths of said transitions,  
12 the energy bandwidth of said transitions, the length of said active regions, and the doping levels

- 13* of said regions, and wherein said parameters are mutually adapted to generate said predetermined
- 14* gain/loss profile.